

QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ON LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO

The bank has implemented RBI guidelines on Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) from 1st January 2015.

The LCR standard aims to ensure that a bank maintains an adequate level of unencumbered High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) that can be readily converted into cash at little/no loss of value to meet its liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day time horizon under a liquidity stress scenario.

LCR has two components:

- i. The value of the stock of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)–*The Numerator*.
- ii. Total Net Cash Outflows: Total expected cash outflows minus Total expected cash inflows, in stress scenario, for the subsequent 30 calendar days - *The denominator*.

Definition of LCR:

$$\frac{\text{Stock of high quality liquid assets (HQLAs)}}{\text{Total net cash outflows over the next 30 calendar days}} \geq 100\% \text{ (w.e.f 01.04.2021)}$$

The LCR requirement has become binding on the banks with the following minimum required level as per the time-line given below:

	Jan 1, 2015	Jan 1, 2016	Jan 1, 2017	Jan 1, 2018	Jan 1, 2019
Minimum LCR	60%	70%	80%	90%	100%

For Q2 FY'2023-24, the daily average LCR was 149.30% (based on simple average of daily observations) at consolidated level, as against the regulatory requirement of 100%.

The main drivers of LCR of the bank are High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) to meet liquidity needs of the bank at all times and basic funding from retail and small business customers. The retail and small business customer's contribute about 58.43% of total deposit portfolio of the bank, which attracts low run-off factor of 5/10% as on 30.09.2023.

Composition of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)

HQLAs comprises of Level 1 and Level 2 assets. Level 2 assets are further divided into Level 2A and Level 2B assets, keeping in view their marketability and price volatility.

Level-1 assets are those assets which are highly liquid. For quarter ended Sept 30, 2023, the Level-1 asset of the bank includes Cash in Hand, Excess CRR, Government Securities in excess of minimum SLR, Marketable securities issued or guaranteed by foreign sovereign, MSF and FALLCR totalling to Rs. 2,98,236 cr (based on simple average of daily observations).

Level-2A & 2B assets are those assets which are less liquid and their weighted amount comes to Rs. 7105.15 cr (based on simple average of daily observations). Break-up of daily observation Average HQLA during quarter ended Sept 30, 2023 is given hereunder:

High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs)	Average %age contribution to HQLA
Level 1 Assets	
Cash in hand	1.81%
Excess CRR balance	0.46%
Government Securities in excess of minimum SLR requirement	23.18%
Government securities within the mandatory SLR requirement, to the extent allowed by RBI under MSF (presently to the extent of 2 per cent of NDTL)	7.92%
Marketable securities issued or guaranteed by foreign sovereigns having 0% risk-weight under Basel II Standardized Approach	0.92%
Facility to avail Liquidity for Liquidity Coverage Ratio – FALLCR (presently to the extent of 16 per cent of NDTL)	63.38%
Total Level 1 Assets	97.67%
Total Level 2A Assets	2.11%
Total Level 2B Assets	0.22%
Total Stock of HQLAs	100.00%

Concentration of Funding Sources

This metric includes those sources of funding, whose withdrawal could trigger liquidity risks. It aims to address the funding concentration of bank by monitoring its funding requirement from each significant counterparty and each significant product/ instrument. As per RBI guidelines, a "significant counterparty/Instrument/product" is defined as a single counterparty/Instrument/product or group of connected or affiliated counter-parties accounting in aggregate for more than 1% of the bank's total liabilities.

The bank has no significant counterparty (deposits/borrowings) as at 30.09.2023. Top 20 depositors of the bank constitute 4.53% of bank's total Deposit as on Sept. 30, 2023. The significant product/ instrument include Saving Fund, Current deposit and Core Term Deposit the funding from which are widely spread and cannot create concentration risk for the bank.

Derivative exposure

The bank has low exposure in derivatives having negligible impact on its liquidity position.

Currency Mismatch

As per RBI guidelines, a currency is considered as “significant” if the aggregate liabilities denominated in that currency amount to 5 per cent or more of the bank’s total liabilities. In our case, only USD (14.04 % of bank’s total liabilities) falls in this criteria whose impact on total outflows in LCR horizon can be managed easily as the impact is not large considering the size of balance sheet of the bank.

Degree of centralization of liquidity management and interaction between group’s units

The group entities are managing liquidity on their own. However, the bank has put in place a group-wide contingency funding plan to take care of liquidity requirement of the group as a whole in the stress period.

LCR Disclosure Template as at 30.09.2023					
QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURE (On consolidated basis { including domestic & foreign subsidiaries})					
Rs. in Crore					
		Sep' 23		June'23	
		Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)*	Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)*
Based on the simple average of daily observations		65 Data Points		61 Data Points	
High Quality Liquid Assets					
1	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		3,05,341.05		3,05,865.27
Cash Outflows					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers of which :	8,73,808.43	82,608.44	8,56,679.56	80,907.69
(i)	Stable deposits	95,448.16	4,772.41	95,068.13	4,753.45
(ii)	Less stable deposits	7,78,360.27	77,836.03	7,61,611.44	76,154.24
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	2,54,916.75	1,37,521.24	2,56,723.35	1,38,368.90
(i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
(ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	2,54,916.75	1,37,521.24	2,56,723.35	1,38,368.90
(iii)	Unsecured debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4	Secured wholesale funding		0.00		0.00
5	Additional requirements, of which	56,919.18	5,763.08	54,241.26	5,623.35

(i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	365.77	365.77	413.76	256.19
(ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	56,553.41	5,397.31	53,827.50	5,367.16
6	Other contractual funding obligations	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
7	Other contingent funding obligations	1,53,095.11	8,286.81	1,51,033.59	9319.01
8	Total Cash Outflows		2,34,179.57		2,34,218.95
Cash Inflows					
9	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	2,822.98	0.00	10,987.80	0.00
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	32,059.18	24,024.33	39,229.82	32,972.79
11	Other cash inflows	5,635.12	5,635.12	9,639.98	9,534.70
12	Total Cash Inflows	40,517.28	29,659.46	59,857.60	42,507.49
Total Adjusted Value					
13	TOTAL HQLA		3,05,341.05		3,05,865.27
14	Total Net Cash Outflows		2,04,520.11		1,91,711.46
15	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		149.30%		159.54%
<i>* Simple averages of Daily observations over previous quarter</i>					